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Government of India Ministry of Communications & Information Technology Department of Information Technology Electronics Niketan 6, CGO Complex

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#### NOTIFICATION

#### ISO/IEC-14496-OFF (Open Font Format)

No. 2(32)/2009-EG-II: Whereas Department of Information Tecnology (DIT), Ministry of Communications and Information Technology, Government of India (GOI) is driving the National e-Governance Plan (NeGP) which seeks to create the right Governance and institutional mechanism and implement a number of Mission Mode Projects at the Centre and State Government; and

Whereas under NeGP, GOI is promoting the usage of Open Standards to avoid any technology lock-ins; and

Whereas Standards in e-Governance are a high priority activity, which will help ensure sharing of information and seamless interoperability of data across e-Governance applications. DIT, GOI has set up an Institutional Mechanism under NeGP to evolve/ adopt Standards for e-Governance; and

Whereas because of the lack of availability of information in local language there has been a slow progress in the Information and Communication Technology (ICT) sector and the benefits of ICT have not percolated down to the common man. Hence, "Localization and Language Technology" is an important area which is being addressed under Standardization; and

Whereas the Competent Authority on Standards has approved **ISO/IEC-14496-OFF (Open Font Format)** as the Font Standard which is based on a single International Standard and comply with UNICODE for data storage. This ensures data portability across various applications and platforms; and

Therefore, Department of Information Technology, Government of India hereby notifies **ISO/IEC-14496-OFF (Open Font Format)** as the Font Standard for e-Governance Applications for all the 22 Indian Languages w.e.f the date of notification.

(S.S. Rawat)

Joint Director

То

The Manager Government of India Press Faridabad (Haryana)

: Alongwith Hindi Version

Copy for information to:

1. All Secretaries, Government of India

2. Chief Secretaries of all the State Governments

3. Secretary (IT) of all the States

(S.S. Rawat) Joint Director

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# Font Standard For Indian Languages



Government of India Department of Information Technology Ministry of Communications and Information Technology New Delhi - 110 003

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## 1. Scope

The Government of India has launched the National e-Governance Plan with the intent to support the growth of e-Governance within the country. The Plan envisages creation of right environment to implement G2G, G2B, G2E and G2C services.

The lack of availability of information in the locally understandable language is the main reason for the slow progress in Information and Communication Technology (ICT) sector. In today's age, access to ICT plays a major role in the overall development of a country, it has become a challenge to bridge the digital divide caused by the language barrier.

Standardisation is one of the baselines to be followed in localisation. Standardisation means to follow certain universally accepted standards, so that the developers from any part of the globe could interact through the application. Standardisation becomes applicable in almost everything specific to the language – for instance, a standard font, a standard keyboard layout for input system, a standard collation sequence order for sorting etc.

The Department of Information Technology, Government of India has constituted an "Expert Committee" on "Technology Standards for Indian languages" to address specific areas of the Localisation issues. The draft report prepared on the basis of Expert Committee meetings and comments received from chairperson and members of the committee.

**1.1 Purpose** A single International Standard to comply with UNICODE data storage. This ensures data portability across various applications and platforms.

## 1.2 Issues and Challenges

Most often it has been observed that the use of proprietary fonts of different standards in Government Offices, which are not compatible with each other, is causing serious problems in information exchange amongst offices. By using Unicode compliant ISO/IEC 14496-OFF (Open Font Format) for font standard, the problem relating to the exchange of documents/files is completely solved.

Open standard under the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) within the MPEG group, which had previously adopted Open Type by reference, now adopted the new standard with appropriate language changes for ISO, and is called the "ISO/IEC 14496-OFF (Open Font Format)" for which formal approval reached in March 2007 as **ISO Standard ISO/IEC 14496-OFF (Open Font Format)** and it is a free, publicly available standard.

## 2. Target Audience

e-Government Services providers in all Constitutionally recognized Indian Languages from Government to Citizens.

## 3. Type of Standard & Enforcement Category

Type: Standard Specification

Enforcement Category: ISO/IEC 14496-OFF (Open Font Format) for font standard is mandatory for all 22 constitutionally recognized languages.

## 4. Definitions and Acronyms

Refer Annexure – I

## 5. Recommended standard specification for Font

## 5.1 Background

# There is a Need for Transition from TTF to Open Font Format (OFF) Fonts due to the following reasons:

True Type Fonts (TTF) was used in various applications earlier by various vendors. TTF had no encoding standard due to which vendors and developers had their own encoding schemes, thereby jeopardizing data portability. ISO/IEC 14496-OFF (Open Font Format) on the other hand is based on a single International Standard and complies with UNICODE for data storage. This ensures data portability across various applications and platforms. Open type font is a smart font which has built- in script composition logic.

## 5.2 ISO/IEC 14496 -OFF (Open Font Format) for Font Standard

ISO/IEC 14496-OFF (Open Font Format) for font standard would be the standard for Indian Languages in e-Governance Applications

Specifi	Standard	Storage	Nature of the	Nature of	Owned By
-cation	Name		Standard	Recommendation	
Area					

### Font Standard for Indian Languages

Font	ISO/IEC	Unicode	Matured	Mandatory	ISO/IEC
	14496-OFF				
	(Open Font				
	Format) for				
	font				

## 6.0 Annexures

### Annexure – I: Definitions and Acronyms

(i) Character

Characters are the abstract representation of the smallest components of written language that have semantic value.

### (ii) Glyphs

It represents the shapes that characters can have when they are rendered or displayed.

### (iii) Font

A font is a resource used to print characters of a script on computer. It is a collection of glyphs used for the visual depiction of character data. A font is often associated with a set of parameters for example, size, posture, weight, etc.

(vi) True Type Font (TTF)

TTF, a **Font Format** developed by **Apple** and licensed to Microsoft True type, is the native Operating System Font Format for Windows and Mac operating systems.

### (v) ISO/IEC 14496-OFF (Open Font Format)

OFF fonts allow the handling of large glyph sets using Unicode encoding. Such encoding allows broad international support for typographic glyph variants.

OFF fonts may contain digital signatures, which enable operating systems and browsing applications to identify the source and integrity of font files, (including the embedded font files obtained in web documents), before using them. Also, font developers can encode embedding restrictions in OFF fonts which cannot be altered in a font signed by the developer.

### (vi) Rendering

Rendering is the process of selecting and laying out glyphs for the purpose of depicting characters, i.e., making glyphs visible on a display device. The associated Layout Engine must be able to interpret the information in a font to form the glyphs and comply with the "Open Type" specifications.

## 7.0 References

http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/index.html

## **8.0 List of Expert Committee Members**

S. No.	Name & Designation	Organisation
1.	Prof. Rajeev Sangal, Director & Chairman	IIIT, Hyderabad
2.	Smt. Swaran Lata, Director & HoD	TDIL Programme, HCC Division,
		<u>DIT, MC&amp;IT</u>
3.	Shri Mahesh Kulkarni, <u>Coordinator GIST</u>	CDAC, Pune <u>GIST Group</u>
	Group	
4.	Dr. Mukul K. Sinha	Expert Software Consultants Ltd.
	Managing Director	
5.	Shri Kewal Krishan, Technical Director,	NIC
	Nodal Officer	